

Department of Veterans Affairs

§ 13.108

will take the necessary action to have proper bonds substituted in Federal fiduciary cases and refer the matter to the Regional Counsel for such other action as may be appropriate.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

[40 FR 54250, Nov. 21, 1975]

§ 13.106 Investments by court-appointed fiduciaries.

The Veterans Services Officer will review and to the extent possible determine the legality and prudence of investments involving Department of Veterans Affairs income or estate. It is Department of Veterans Affairs policy to invest income or estate derived from Department of Veterans Affairs benefits only in legal investments which have safety, assured income, stability of principal and ready convertibility for the requirements of the beneficiary and his or her dependents. When notice of a contemplated or actual illegal or imprudent investment comes to the attention of the Veterans Services Officer, he or she will take remedial action to protect the beneficiary's estate. Cases in which it becomes necessary to institute court action will be referred to the Regional Counsel.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501)

[40 FR 54250, Nov. 21, 1975]

§ 13.107 Accounts of chief officers of public or private institutions.

(a) *Department of Veterans Affairs benefits.* The chief officer of an institution, other than a Federal institution, shall, when requested, render an account to the Department of Veterans Affairs for funds received from the Department of Veterans Affairs on account of an incompetent veteran.

(b) *All income and assets.* The chief officer of the aforementioned institutions shall, when requested, furnish a statement of all income received in behalf of a Department of Veterans Affairs beneficiary under legal disability and the total assets held for the beneficiary.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(3))

[36 FR 19025, Sept. 25, 1971]

§ 13.108 Estate equals or exceeds statutory limit; 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(1).

(a) *Discontinuance of payments.* When a veteran, rated incompetent by VA, without spouse or child, is receiving hospital treatment or domiciliary or institutional care by the United States or any political subdivision, with or without charge, and the veteran's estate equals or exceeds the amount specified in § 3.557(b)(4) of this chapter, the Veterans Services Officer shall, with regard to those estates monitored by the Veterans Services Officer, immediately notify the Adjudication Division so that VA payments, other than insurance, may be discontinued under the provision of § 3.557 of this title. In those cases in which the payments have been discontinued, the Veterans Services Officer shall, when the estate has been reduced to one-half the amount specified in § 3.557(b)(4) of this chapter, immediately notify the Adjudication Division of that fact.

(b) *Waiver of discontinuance.* The Veterans Services Officer shall assist in those cases under the Veterans Services Officer's supervision in determining when discontinuance should be waived for one or more periods not to exceed 60 days of the veteran's care during any calendar year by making an appropriate recommendation.

(1) The Veterans Services Officer should not recommend waiver as an administrative expediency but should recommend waiver when necessary to avoid hardship.

(2) Hardship will not be considered present when assets are readily available to meet current liabilities.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(1)(A))

(c) *Apportionment to dependent parent; care and maintenance award.* In any case in which a veteran, without spouse or child, is institutionalized by the United States or a political subdivision thereof and his or her award of compensation, pension or emergency officers' retirement pay has been discontinued because his or her estate the amount specified in § 3.557(b)(4) of this chapter, an apportionment of the award otherwise payable may nevertheless be made to a dependent parent, if any, based on actual need as determined by the Veterans Services Officer. So much of any